

1. Write a polynomial function in standard form with the given roots. $x = -3, 4, 2$

$$y = (x+3)(x-4)(x-2)$$

$$y = (x^2 - x - 12)(x-2)$$

$$x + 3$$

x	x^2	$3x$
-4	- $4x$	-12

x^3	$-x^2$	$+2x$
x		
-2	- $2x^2$	+ $2x$
	+ 24	+ 24

$$y = x^3 - 3x^2 - 10x + 24$$

3. Write a quadratic function in standard form given the roots $x = 3i$ and $x = -3i$.

$$y = (x-3i)(x+3i)$$

x	$-3i$
x^2	$-3ix$
+ $3i$	+ $9i^2$ \rightarrow -9(-1)

$$y = x^2 + 9$$

2. Write a quadratic function in standard form given the roots $x = \frac{3}{4}$ and $x = -5$.

$$y = 4\left(x - \frac{3}{4}\right)(x+5)$$

$$y = (4x-3)(x+5)$$

x	$4x^2$	$-3x$
+5	20x	-15

$$y = 4x^2 + 17x - 15$$

4. Write a quadratic function in standard form given the roots $x = 5+2i$ and $x = 5-2i$.

$$x = 5+2i$$

$$y = (x-5-2i)(x-5+2i)$$

$$x = 5-2i$$

$$x - 5 + 2i = 0$$

x	$-s$	$-2i$
x^2	$-sx$	$-2xi$
-s	+2s	+10i
+2i	+2ix	-4i^2 \rightarrow -4(-1) \rightarrow 4

$$y = x^2 - 10x + 29$$

5. Write a quadratic function in standard form given the roots $x = -3 + \sqrt{2}$ and $x = -3 - \sqrt{2}$.

$$y = (x + 3 - \sqrt{2})(x + 3 + \sqrt{2})$$

	x	$+3$	$-\sqrt{2}$
x	x^2	$3x$	$-\sqrt{2}x$
$+3$	$3x$	9	$-3\sqrt{2}$
$+\sqrt{2}$	$+\sqrt{2}x$	$+3\sqrt{2}$	-2

$$y = x^2 + 6x + 7$$

7. Write a quadratic function in standard form given the roots $x = \sqrt{2}$ and $x = -\sqrt{2}$.

$$y = (x - \sqrt{2})(x + \sqrt{2})$$

$$y = x^2 - 2$$

6. Write a quadratic function in standard form given the roots $x = 5$. $x = 5$

$$y = (x - 5)(x - 5)$$

$$y = x^2 - 10x + 25$$

8. Write a polynomial function in standard form given the roots $x = 2 - 3i$ and $x = -1$.

$$x = 2 + 3i$$

$$y = (x - 2 + 3i)(x - 2 - 3i)(x + 1)$$

$$y = (x^2 - 4x + 13)(x + 1)$$

$$y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 9x + 13$$